



Genotyping protocol

Gsta3

IR00002869 / E140

(ICS internal reference)

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

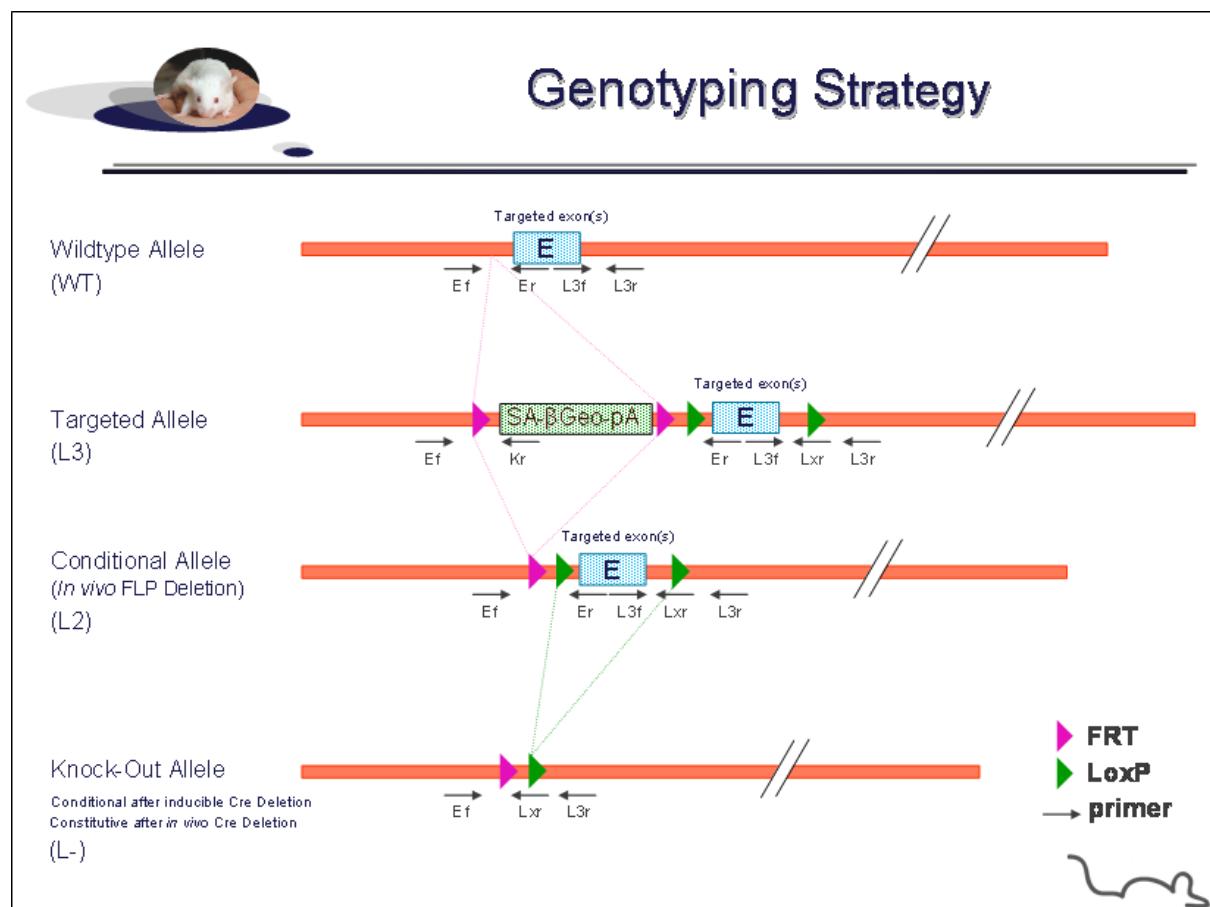
Table of contents	2
1. Genotyping protocol and data	2
1.1. Genotyping strategy.....	2
1.2. PCR protocol.....	4
1.3. Picture of genotyping with various alleles.....	4
2. Cre and Flp genotyping method.....	5
2.1. Cre and Flp genotyping.....	5
2.2. PCR Protocol.....	6

1. Genotyping protocol and data

This section describes the condition used at the Mouse Clinical Institute (ICS) to genotype your **Gsta3** Constitutive Knockout / Conditional Knockout (KO-cKO) project.

1.1. Genotyping strategy

The map below describes the position of the primers used for genotyping for each possible allele.



Sequence of primers used for genotyping:

Position	Primers	Sequence
Ef	5208	CCAGCTTGCTTCCACATGCTCA
Ef ²	5209	ATGAGAGAGGATAAGGGAGAAAGGGA
Er	5212	GGGTGAAGTTGAAGGAGGGATAATTGT
Kr	3278	GGGCAAGAACATAAAGTGACCCCTCC
L3f	5211	GAAAATGGTGCAGACCAAAGCCA
L3r	5210	TTTAGATGGTAACCGAGGGTCATGGT
Lxr	3255	ACTGATGGCGAGCTCAGACCATAAC

². For a selected position, a second primer was designed

PCR fragments expected size (bp):

Region analyzed	Primers used	Position on the primer <i>(see the map above)</i>	Targeted allele (KO allele) (L3)	cKO allele (L2)	KO allele (L-)	WildType allele (WT)
5' part of the selection marker	5208-3278	Ef / Kr	467	---	---	---
Presence of the distal loxP	5211-5210	L3f / L3r	448	448	---	452
Distal loxP specific PCR	5211-3255	L3f / Lxr	340	340	---	---
Excision of the selection marker	5208-5212	Ef / Er	7430*	526	---	430
Excision of the floxed exon(s), i.e. knock out	5209-5210	Ef ² / L3r	8008*	1104*	309**	1013**

*: this PCR product will not be observed using our PCR genotyping conditions (see description below)

**: this PCR is only verified if mice are generated

---: no Amplicon should be obtained

1.2. PCR protocol

This section describes the composition of the mix and cycling conditions used for genotyping.

Reagents:

- FastStart PCR Master (Roche)
- DNA (50ng/ μ l)
- 5' primer (100 μ M)
- 3' primer (100 μ M)
- Sterile H₂O

Volume:

- 7.5 μ l
- 1.5 μ l
- 0.06 μ l
- 0.06 μ l
- up to 15 μ l

Cycling conditions:

Temp	Time	#Cycles
95°C	4min	1
94°C	30s	
62°C	30s	34
72°C	1min	
72°C	7min	1
20°C	5min	1

NB: These PCR conditions have been optimized for high-throughput genotyping. Adaptation to small-scale may be required.

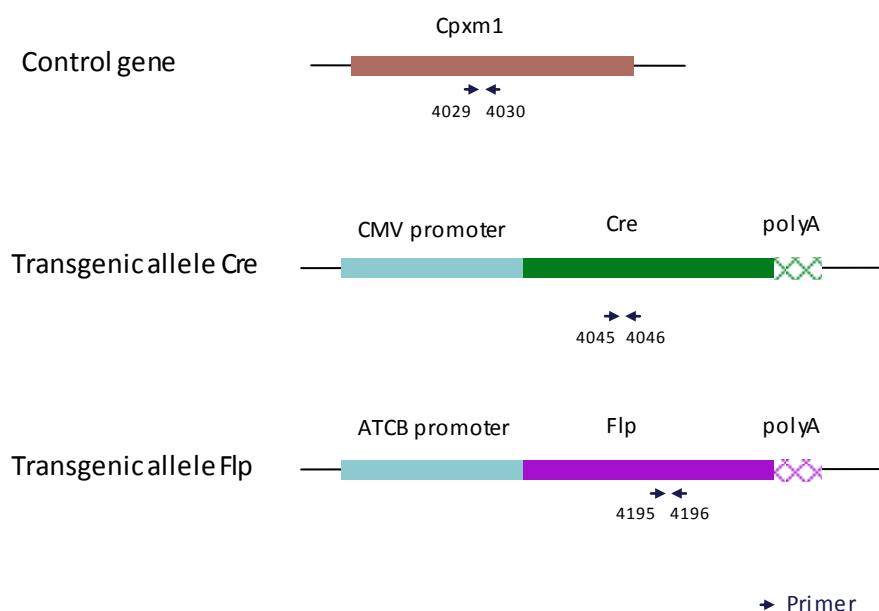
2. Cre and Flp genotyping method

The protocol used to segregate the cre and/or flp transgene is indicated below.

Detection of cre transgene and flp transgene is done using a multiplex assay: primer pairs were designed for each gene and for a positive control (Cpxm1 gene).

2.1. Cre and Flp genotyping

Schematic representation of the genotyping strategy



Sequence of primers used for genotyping:

Primers	Sequence
4029	ACTGGGATCTCGAACTCTTGGAC
4030	GATGTTGGGGCACTGCTATTCA
4045	CCATCTGCCACCAGCCAG
4046	TCGCCATCTCCAGCAGG
4195	TCTTAGCGCAAGGGGTAGGATCG
4196	GTCCTGGCACGGCAGAAC

PCR fragments expected size (bp):

Primer pair	4045-4046	4195-4196	4029-4030
Region analyzed	Middle part of Cre transgene	Middle part of Flp transgene	Cpxm1 control gene
Control gene	/	/	397
Tg allele	281	328	/

2.2. PCR Protocol

This section describes the composition of the mix and cycling conditions used for genotyping.

Reagents	Volume
FastStart PCR Master (Roche)	7.5µl
DNA (50ng/µl)	1.5µl
5' primer (100 µM)	0.05µl
3' primer (100 µM)	0.05µl
Sterile H ₂ O	up to 15 µl

Cycling conditions are identical to those described in chapter 1.2