



Genotyping protocol

Mrpl54

IR00002731 / E98

(ICS internal reference)

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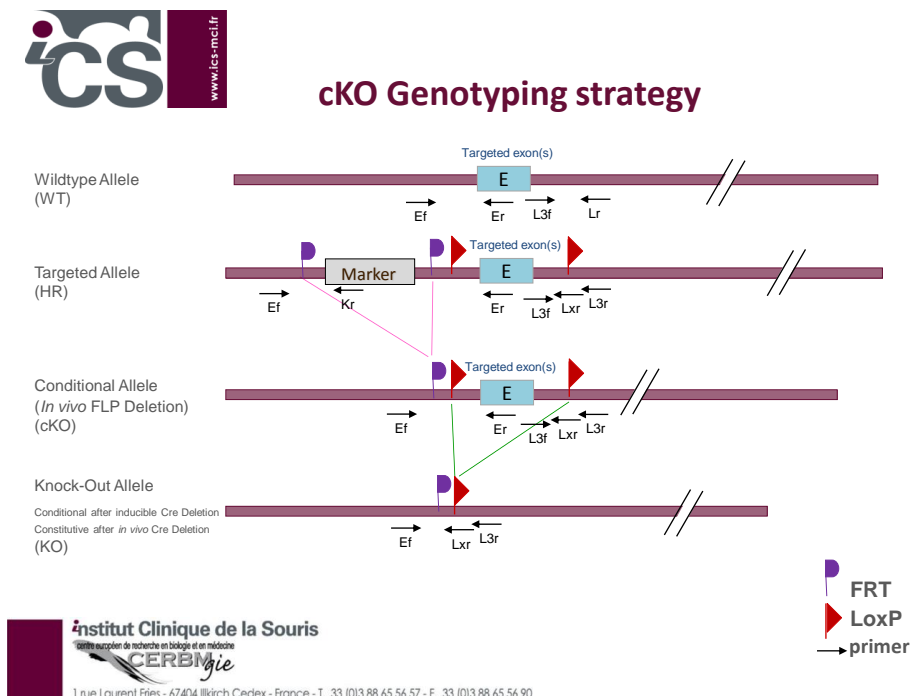
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1. Genotyping protocol and data

This section describes the condition used at the Mouse Clinical Institute (ICS) to genotype your **Mrpl54** Constitutive Knockout / Conditional Knockout (KO-cKO) project.

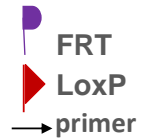
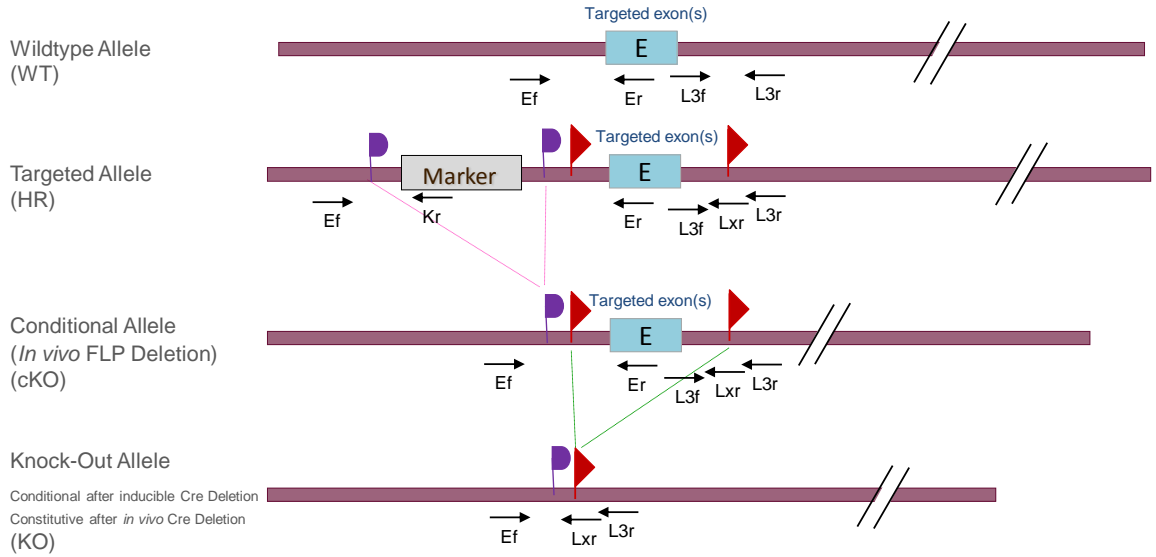
1.1. Genotyping strategy

The map below describes the position of the primers used for genotyping for each possible allele.





cKO Genotyping strategy



Sequence of primers used for genotyping:

Position	Primers	Sequence
Ef	4877	GACCCACATAAGCAGGGAAGGAGATG
Er	4883	TCTGAGAAGAGAGAGATGGCTCGGTAA
Kr	3210	CCTGTCCCTCTCACCTTCTACC
L3f	4882	CCACACTGCATAGGAATCCTGACACC
L3f ²	4880	CATGGTGAGTGTACCACACTGCATAGG
L3r	4879	CAATCTCCTGAGAATGTAGCCCACCAT
Lxr	4881	GTATAATGTATGCTATACGAAGTTATCATTAAATTG

PCR fragments expected size (bp):

Region analyzed	Primers used	Position on the primer (see the map above)	Targeted allele (KO allele) (L3)	cKO allele (L2)	KO allele (L-)	WildType allele (WT)
5' part of the selection marker	4877-3210	Ef / Kr	439	---	---	---
Presence of the distal loxP	4882-4879	L3f / L3r	383	383	---	314
Distal loxP specific PCR	4880-4881	L3f ² / Lxr	266	266	---	---
Excision of the selection marker	4877-4883	Ef / Er	7374*	470	---	320

*: this PCR product will not be observed using our PCR genotyping conditions (see description below)

** : this PCR is only verified if mice are generated

---: no Amplicon should be obtained

1.2. PCR protocol

This section describes the composition of the mix and cycling conditions used for genotyping.

Reagents:	Volume:
- FastStart PCR Master (Roche)	7.5µl
- DNA (50ng/µl)	1.5µl
- 5' primer (100 µM)	0.06µl
- 3' primer (100 µM)	0.06µl
- Sterile H ₂ O	up to 15 µl

Cycling conditions:

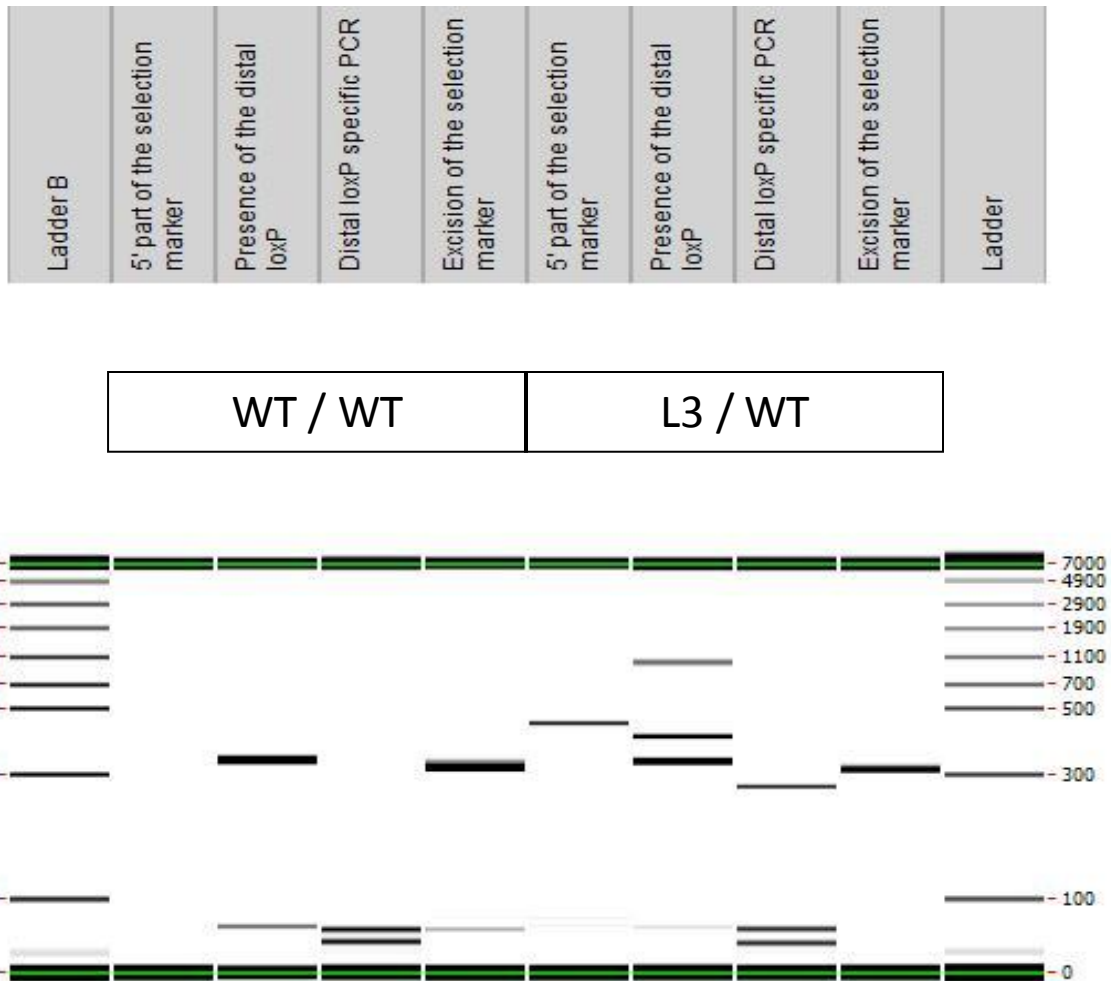
Temp	Time	#Cycles
95°C	4min	1
94°C	30s	34
62°C	30s	
72°C	1min	
72°C	7min	1
20°C	5min	1

NB: These PCR conditions have been optimized for high-throughput genotyping. Adaptation to small-scale may be required.

1.3. Picture of genotyping with various alleles

Analysis of PCR products pattern was not done by gel electrophoresis but using LabChip® 90 microfluidic apparatus. PCR products were run on the HT DNA 5K LabChip® 90 Assay Kit.

Representative genotyping picture



Note that as this technology is more sensitive than gel analysis, non specific signals and/or primer dimers may be visible on the picture.

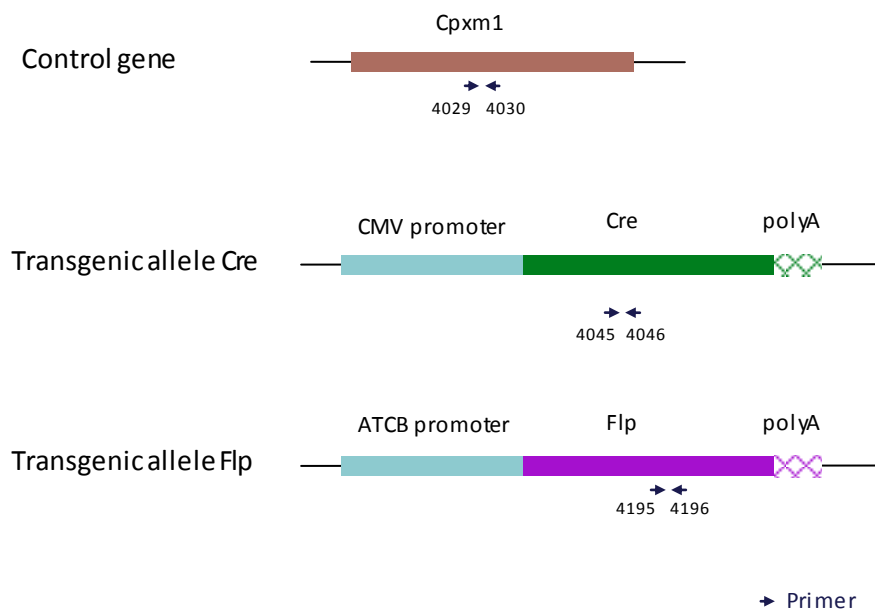
2. Cre and Flp genotyping method

The protocol used to segregate the cre and/or flp transgene is indicated below.

Detection of cre transgene and flp transgene is done using a multiplex assay: primer pairs were designed for each gene and for a positive control (Cpxm1 gene).

2.1. Cre and Flp genotyping

Schematic representation of the genotyping strategy



Sequence of primers used for genotyping:

Primers	Sequence
4029	ACTGGGATCTTCGAACTCTTTGGAC
4030	GATGTTGGGGCACTGCTCATTACC
4045	CCATCTGCCACCAGCCAG
4046	TCGCCATCTCCAGCAGG
4195	TCTTTAGCGCAAGGGGTAGGATCG
4196	GTCCTGGCCACGGCAGAAGC

PCR fragments expected size (bp):

Primer pair	4045-4046	4195-4196	4029-4030
Region analyzed	Middle part of Cre transgene	Middle part of Flp transgene	Cpxm1 control gene
Control gene	/	/	397
Tg allele	281	328	/

2.2. PCR Protocol

This section describes the composition of the mix and cycling conditions used for genotyping.

Reagents	Volume
FastStart PCR Master (Roche)	7.5µl
DNA (50ng/µl)	1.5µl
5' primer (100 µM)	0.05µl
3' primer (100 µM)	0.05µl
Sterile H ₂ O	up to 15 µl

Cycling conditions are identical to those described in chapter 1.2