



Genotyping protocol

Ino80

IR00002738 / E105

(ICS internal reference)

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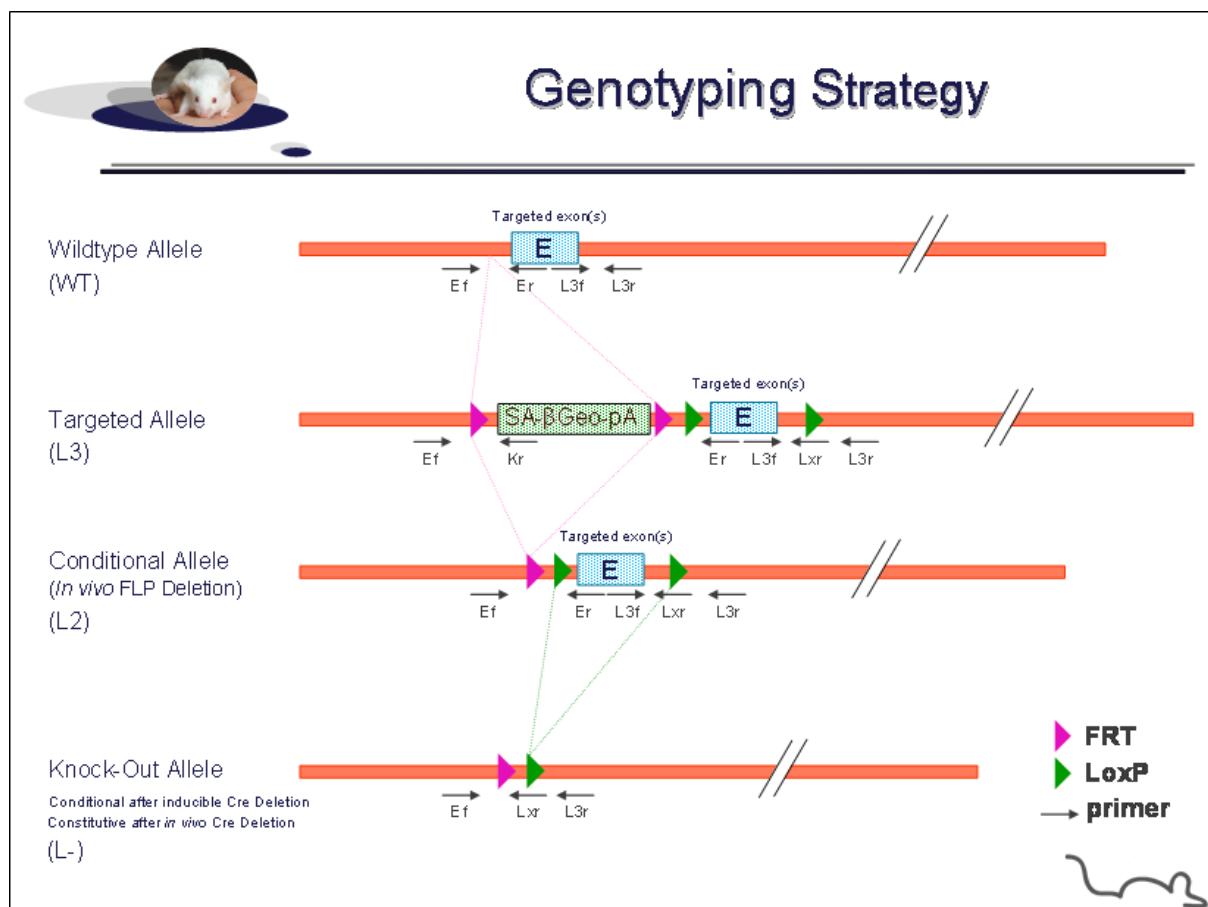
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1. Genotyping protocol and data

This section describes the condition used at the Mouse Clinical Institute (ICS) to genotype your Ino80 Constitutive Knockout / Conditional Knockout (KO-cKO) project.

1.1. Genotyping strategy

The map below describes the position of the primers used for genotyping for each possible allele.



Sequence of primers used for genotyping:

Position	Primers	Sequence
Ef	5127	AGGCCTTATTAGCTCAGGTTGGC
Ef2	5126	ACCTGCTGGCACCTTCCAGTCT
Er	5130	CCACTACACACAGCAGATAACAT
Kr	3278	GGGCAAGAACATAAAGTGACCCTCC
L3f	5128	ACAGCGCCACTTGCTTGGACCC
L3r	5129	GGCAGGCCAAGGTAGACTCAGCC
Lxr	3255	ACTGATGGCGAGCTCAGACCATAAC

PCR fragments expected size (bp):

Region analyzed	Primers used	Position on the primer <i>(see the map above)</i>	Targeted allele (KO allele) (L3)	cKO allele (L2)	KO allele (L-)	WildType allele (WT)
5' part of the selection marker	5127-3278	Ef / Kr	269	---	---	---
Presence of the distal loxP	5128-5129	L3f / L3r	367	367	---	343
Distal loxP specific PCR	5128-3255	L3f / Lxr	319	319	---	---
Excision of the selection marker	5126-5130	Ef2 / Er	7286*	382	---	224
Excision of the floxed exon(s), i.e. knock out	5127-5129	Ef / L3r	7965*	1061*	248**	879**

*: this PCR product will not be observed using our PCR genotyping conditions (see description below)

**: this PCR is only verified if mice are generated

---: no Amplicon should be obtained

1.2. PCR protocol

This section describes the composition of the mix and cycling conditions used for genotyping.

Reagents:

- FastStart PCR Master (Roche)
- DNA (50ng/ μ l)
- 5' primer (100 μ M)
- 3' primer (100 μ M)
- Sterile H₂O

Volume:

- 7.5 μ l
- 1.5 μ l
- 0.06 μ l
- 0.06 μ l
- up to 15 μ l

Cycling conditions:

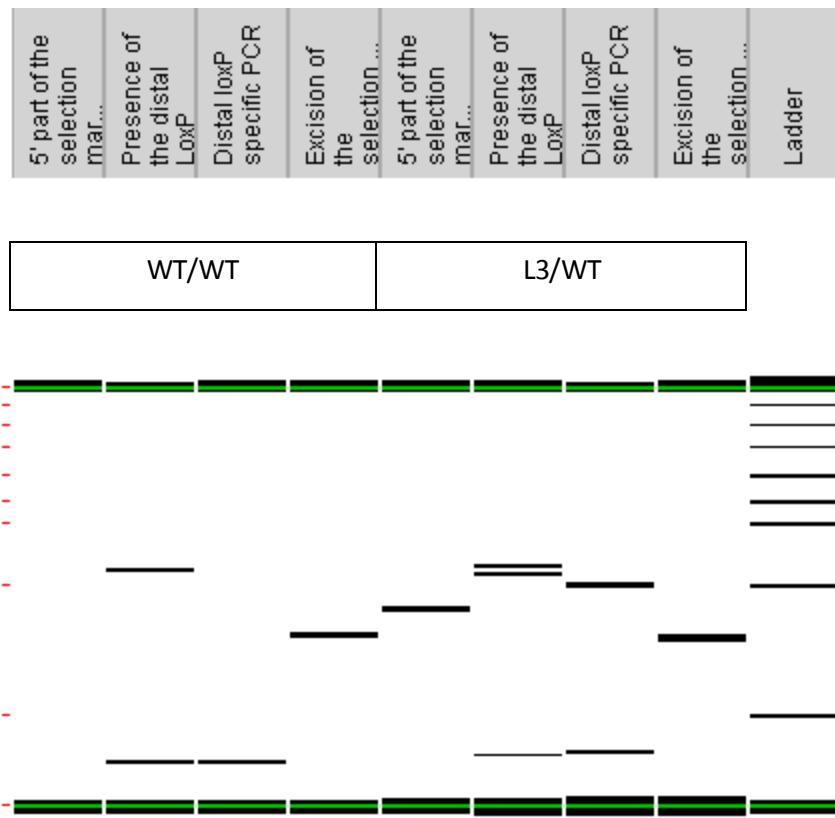
Temp	Time	#Cycles
95°C	4min	1
94°C	30s	
62°C	30s	34
72°C	1min	
72°C	7min	1
20°C	5min	1

NB: These PCR conditions have been optimized for high-throughput genotyping. Adaptation to small-scale may be required.

1.3. Picture of genotyping with various alleles

Analysis of PCR products pattern was not done by gel electrophoresis but using LabChip® 90 microfluidic apparatus. PCR products were run on the HT DNA 5K LabChip® 90 Assay Kit.

Representative genotyping picture



Note that as this technology is more sensitive than gel analysis, non specific signals and/or primer dimers may be visible on the picture.

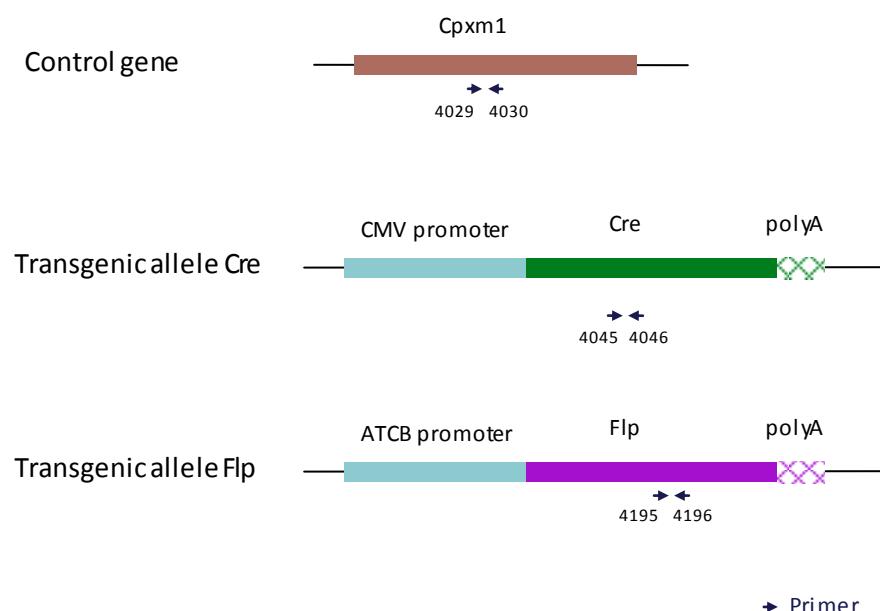
2. Cre and Flp genotyping method

The protocol used to segregate the cre and/or flp transgene is indicated below.

Detection of cre transgene and flp transgene is done using a multiplex assay: primer pairs were designed for each gene and for a positive control (Cpxm1 gene).

2.1. Cre and Flp genotyping

Schematic representation of the genotyping strategy



Sequence of primers used for genotyping:

Primers	Sequence
4029	ACTGGGATCTTCGAACCTTTGGAC
4030	GATGTTGGGGCACTGCTCATTCA
4045	CCATCTGCCACCAGCCAG
4046	TCGCCATCTCCAGCAGG
4195	TCTTAGCGCAAGGGGTAGGATCG
4196	GTCCTGGCACGGCAGAAC

PCR fragments expected size (bp):

Primer pair	4045-4046	4195-4196	4029-4030
Region analyzed	Middle part of Cre transgene	Middle part of Flp transgene	Cpxm1 control gene
Control gene	/	/	446
Tg allele	281	328	/

2.2. PCR Protocol

This section describes the composition of the mix and cycling conditions used for genotyping.

Reagents	Volume
FastStart PCR Master (Roche)	7.5µl
DNA (50ng/µl)	1.5µl
5' primer (100 µM)	0.05µl
3' primer (100 µM)	0.05µl
Sterile H ₂ O	up to 15 µl

Cycling conditions are identical to those described in chapter 1.2