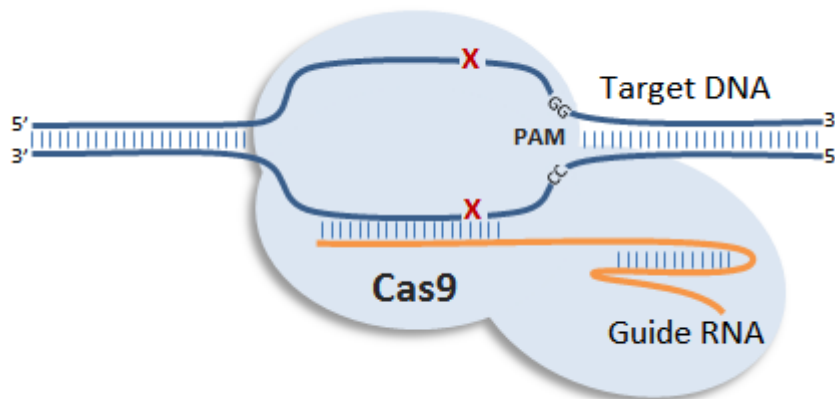
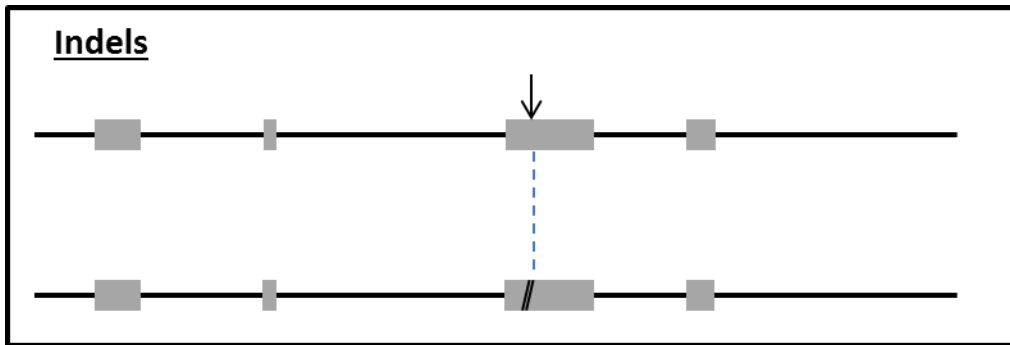


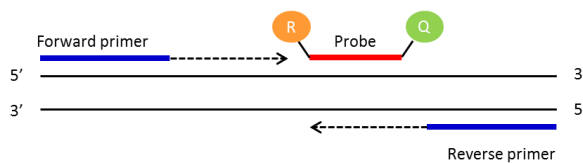
## Kcnk18-C329F Genotyping Strategy

Animals have been engineered using the CRISPR/Cas9 technology. Most of the knockout alleles generated through this method will be obtained by deletion of a critical exon or by introduction of an indel (insertion/deletion) within the coding sequence of a critical exon (see picture below).

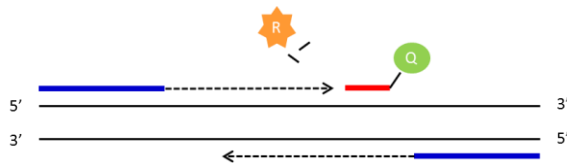


## qPCR genotyping strategy

Standard PCR is the amplification of DNA between a pair of primers. Quantitative PCR employs the same principal as standard PCR, although it actually monitors the progress of the DNA synthesis as it occurs. The progress of the reaction is measured by using a Taqman probe. This is a short DNA oligo that is complimentary to part of the DNA sequence between the forward and reverse primers. At the 5' end of the probe there is a fluorescent reporter (R) and at the 3' end a quencher (Q). Whilst they are in close contact with each other there is no fluorescent signal.



As the forward primer is extended the reporter is cleaved from the probe resulting in a fluorescent signal being detected. Once the primer extends enough to release the quencher this signal is blocked. By using probes with different fluorescent signals multiple PCR assays can be multiplexed and run together.



### Allele specific primer and probe amplification assay (ASPPAA) PCR

This is a new real-time PCR method (Billard *et al.*, 2012) in which an allele specific primer and an allele specific probe designed specific to the SNPs. The primer is designed such a way that its 3' end ends with a specific SNP. The probe is also designed specific to the SNPs at its 3' end giving a primer probe overlap. A maximum of 3nt overlap between a primer and probe is allowed.

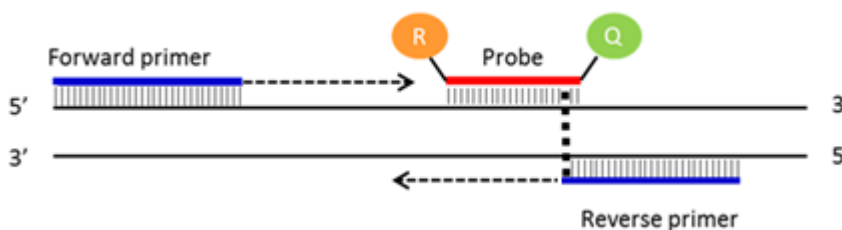
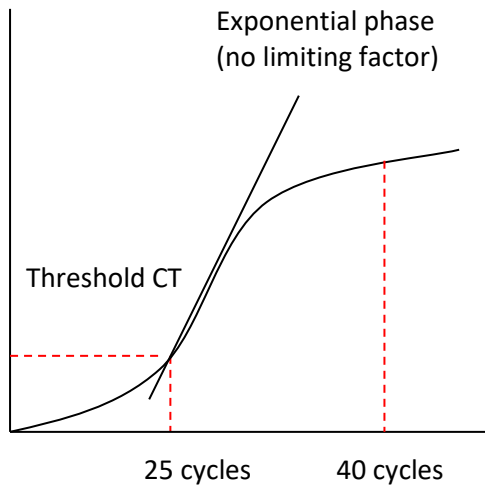


Figure1: Figure showing principle of ASPPAA PCR. The dotted line indicates the position of the SNP.

## PCR reaction plot



The number of cycles the PCR takes to reach a set threshold is known as the CT value. This is inversely correlated to the amount of template DNA in the sample.

e.g. CT 25 = 2 x template DNA  
CT 26 = 1 x template DNA  
CT above 30 = no template represented in the sample

CT value can be used to determine how many copies of a particular allele samples have.

All our qPCR are run in duplicate. A FAM labelled genotyping assay is run in multiplex with a VIC labelled internal control Dot1l.

### References:

Billard A., Laval V., Fillinger S., Leroux P., Lachaise H., Beffa R., et al. (2012).  
The allele-specific probe and primer amplification assay, a new real-time PCR method for fine quantification of single-nucleotide polymorphisms in pooled DNA.  
*Appl. Environ. Microbiol.* 78 1063–1068. 10.1128/AEM.06957-11



# Kcnk18-C329F Genotyping Strategy

Samples are genotyped with both WT and Mutant assays. These are FAM labelled assays that are designed to detect the critical exon that has been modified. If the animal contains the modified allele the copy number of the WT assay should drop by 1 and the mutant assay should raise by 1. For autosomal genes that have been targeted this means the following

- WT= 2 copies of the WT assay and 0 copies of the Mutant assay
- HET = 1 copy of the WT assay and 1 copy of the Mutant assay
- HOM = 0 copies of the WT assay and 2 copies of the Mutant assay

## Kcnk18-C329F CRISPR/Cas9 mutant in which SNPs are as highlighted

WT                    AGGATGCTTTCTACTTCTGCTTTGTGACTGACCACCATCGGGTTTGGGGACATCGTGCTG  
 Mutant              AGGATGCTTTCTACTTCTTCTTTGTGACTGACAAACCATCGGGTTTGGGGACATCGTGCTG

## Kcnk18-C329F-WT1 assay (FAM labelled probe)

CGGCTGCTATCCTCCCCTTCTGGGAGACCGAGCTAGGCTTCGAGGATGCTTTCTACTTCTGCTTTGTGACTGACCTGA  
 CCAACCATCGGGTTTGGGGACATCGTGCTGGTGCACCCTCATTTCTTCCCTTCTTCTCCATCTACATCATCGTGG  
 GCATGGAGATCCTGTTTCATTGCCTTCAAGCTGATGCAGAACCGGCTCCGTCACACCTACAAAACCCCTCATGCTGT

## Kcnk18-C329F-WT1 primers and probe

Primer 1 = GGAGCCGGTTTCTGCATCAG  
 Primer 2 = GCTTCGAGGATGCTTTCTACTTCTG } Allele specific primer and probes  
 Probe = TGGTCAGTGTACAAAAGCAG

## Kcnk18-C329F-donor1MUT1 assay (FAM labelled probe)

CGGCTGCTATCCTCCCCTTCTGGGAGACCGAGCTAGGCTTCGAGGATGCTTTCTACTTCTTCTTTGTGACTGACCTGA  
 CAACCATCGGGTTTGGGGACATCGTGCTGGTGCACCCTCATTTCTTCCCTTCTTCTCCATCTACATCATCGTGG  
 GCATGGAGATCCTGTTTCATTGCCTTCAAGCTGATGCAGAACCGGCTCCGTCACACCTACAAAACCCCTCATGCTGT

## KCNK18-C329F-DONOR-MUT1 primers and probe

Primer 1 = GCTGCTATCCTCCCCTTCTG  
 Primer 2 = GATGGTTGTCAGTGTACAAAAGA  
 Probe = CCGAGCTAGGCTTCGAGGATGCT

## Dot1l internal control (VIC labelled)

CCCCTCTAGTCGTTTTTCTGTTAGTAGTTGGCATCCTTATGCTTCATCTTACAGTCCGACTTGAGAGCTGCCCTGA  
 ATGGTCGTGCTGGGGCAAGGCTTTATTTCAAGCGTAGCACACATGGTGGCCAATGGGACTCTGTAGGATCTGCC

Primer 1 = GCCCCAGCAGACCATT  
 Primer 2 = TAGTTGGCATCCTTATGCTTCATC  
 Probe = CCAGCTCTCAAGTCG



**Name of Mouse model or mutation:****Kcnk18-C329F-EM1-B6****Description:**

Point mutation introduced using CRISPR/Cas9 and an ssODN donor.

**Type of mutation:**

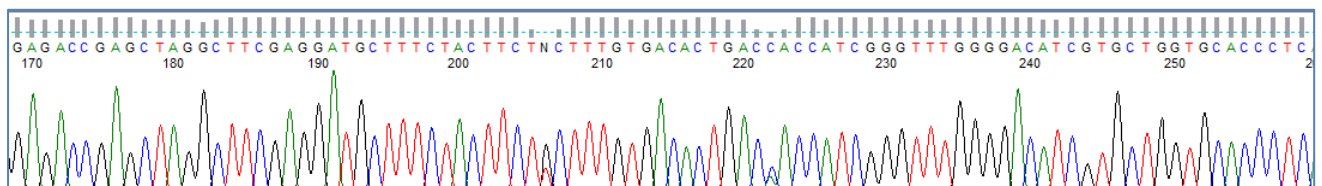
Point mutation: C329F

**Sequence details****Kcnk18 WT**

```
GCTGCAATGTGGAGCTGTTTGAGAGATTAGTTGCCCGTGAGAAAAGAACAAGCTACAACCACCCA  
CGCGTCCCGTGGAGAGGAGCAACTCCTGTCCCGAGCTGGTGTGGGGCGACTGTCCTGTTCTATTCT  
CAGCAATCTGGATGAAGTGGGCCAGCAGGTGGAGAGGCTGGACATCCCTCTCCCGTCATCGCCCT  
GGTCGTCTTTGCATACATCTCCTGCGCGGCTGCTATCCTCCCCTTCTGGGAGACCGAGCTAGGCTTCG  
AGGATGCTTTCTACTTCTGCTTTGTGACTGACCACCATCGGGTTTGGGGACATCGTGCTGGTGCA  
CCCTCATTCTTCTTCTTCTCCATCTACATCATCGTGGGCATGGAGATCCTGTTCAATTGCCTTCAAG  
CTGATGCAGAACCGGCTCCTGCACACCTACAAAACCCTCATGCTGTTTGTGGCAAAGGGAAGTTT  
CGCTACCTTGGTAAATGGAGAGGGTTCCGGCATTTCCTGACCTACAGATGTGAGCCCCACAAGCTT  
CCCACACCTTGGTTTTATACAGGGTTAGAAGCTGGGCCCTGGTAATCTGCCATCCAAGCTACCG
```

**Kcnk18-C329F-EM1-B6**

```
GCTGCAATGTGGAGCTGTTTGAGAGATTAGTTGCCCGTGAGAAAAGAACAAGCTACAACCACCCA  
CGCGTCCCGTGGAGAGGAGCAACTCCTGTCCCGAGCTGGTGTGGGGCGACTGTCCTGTTCTATTCT  
CAGCAATCTGGATGAAGTGGGCCAGCAGGTGGAGAGGCTGGACATCCCTCTCCCGTCATCGCCCT  
GGTCGTCTTTGCATACATCTCCTGCGCGGCTGCTATCCTCCCCTTCTGGGAGACCGAGCTAGGCTTCG  
AGGATGCTTTCTACTTCTTTCTTTGTGACTGACACCACCTCGGGTTTGGGGACATCGTGCTGGTGCA  
CCTCATTCTTCTTCTTCTTCTCCATCTACATCATCGTGGGCATGGAGATCCTGTTCAATTGCCTTCAAG  
TGATGCAGAACCGGCTCCTGCACACCTACAAAACCCTCATGCTGTTTGTGGCAAAGGGAAGTTTC  
GCTACCTTGGTAAATGGAGAGGGTTCCGGCATTTCCTGACCTACAGATGTGAGCCCCACAAGCTTC  
CCACACCTTGGTTTTATACAGGGTTAGAAGCTGGGCCCTGGTAATCTGCCATCCAAGCTACCG
```

**Kcnk18-C329F-EM1-B6 Heterozygous F1 animal sequence trace:**

## Nucleotide Alignment:

```

      *      20      *      40      *      60      *      80      *      100     *      120     *      140
Kcnk18_WT   : GCTGCAATGTGGAGCTGTTTGGAGATTAGTTGCCCGTGAGAAAAAGAACAAGCTACAACCCACCGCGTCCCGTGGAGAGGAGCAACTCCTGTCCCAGCTGGTGTGGGGCGACTGTCCTGTTCTATTCTCAGCAAT
Kcnk18_C329F : GCTGCAATGTGGAGCTGTTTGGAGATTAGTTGCCCGTGAGAAAAAGAACAAGCTACAACCCACCGCGTCCCGTGGAGAGGAGCAACTCCTGTCCCAGCTGGTGTGGGGCGACTGTCCTGTTCTATTCTCAGCAAT

      *      160     *      180     *      200     *      220     *      240     *      260     *      280
Kcnk18_WT   : CTGGATGAAGTGGGGCAGCAGGTGGAGAGGCTGGACATCCCTCTCCCGTCATCGCCCTGGTGTGTTTGCATACATCTCCTGCGCGGCTGCTATCCTCCCCTTCTGGGAGACCGAGCTAGGCTTCGAGGATGCTTTCTA
Kcnk18_C329F : CTGGATGAAGTGGGGCAGCAGGTGGAGAGGCTGGACATCCCTCTCCCGTCATCGCCCTGGTGTGTTTGCATACATCTCCTGCGCGGCTGCTATCCTCCCCTTCTGGGAGACCGAGCTAGGCTTCGAGGATGCTTTCTA

      *      300     *      320     *      340     *      360     *      380     *      400     *      420
Kcnk18_WT   : CTTCTCTTTGTGACACTGACACCATCGGGTTTGGGGACATCGTGTGGTGCACCCCTATTCTTCTTCTTCCATCTACATCATCGTGGGCATGGAGATCCTGTTCATTGCCTTCAAGCTGATGCAGAACCAGG
Kcnk18_C329F : CTTCTCTTTGTGACACTGACACCATCGGGTTTGGGGACATCGTGTGGTGCACCCCTATTCTTCTTCTTCCATCTACATCATCGTGGGCATGGAGATCCTGTTCATTGCCTTCAAGCTGATGCAGAACCAGG

      *      440     *      460     *      480     *      500     *      520     *      540     *      560
Kcnk18_WT   : TCCTGCACACCTACAAAACCCCTCATGCTGTTTGTGGCCAAAGGGAAGTTTCGCTACCTTGGTAAATGGAGAGGGTTCGGGCATTTCCGTGACCTACAGATGTGAGCCCCACAAGCTTCCCACACCTTGGTTTTATACAG
Kcnk18_C329F : TCCTGCACACCTACAAAACCCCTCATGCTGTTTGTGGCCAAAGGGAAGTTTCGCTACCTTGGTAAATGGAGAGGGTTCGGGCATTTCCGTGACCTACAGATGTGAGCCCCACAAGCTTCCCACACCTTGGTTTTATACAG

      *      580     *      600
Kcnk18_WT   : GGTTAGAAGCTGGGGCCCTGGTAATCTGCCATCCAAGCTACCG
Kcnk18_C329F : GGTTAGAAGCTGGGGCCCTGGTAATCTGCCATCCAAGCTACCG

```

## Predicted Protein Alignment:

```

      *      20      *      40      *      60      *      80      *      100     *      120     *      140
Kcnk18_WT   : CNVELFERLVAREKKNKLQPPTRPVERSNSCELVLRSLCSILSNLDEVGQOVERLDIPLPVIALVVFAYISCAAAILPFWETELGFEDAFYF;FVTLTTIGFGDIVLVHPHFFLFFSIYIIVGMEILFI AFKLMQNRL
Kcnk18_C329F : CNVELFERLVAREKKNKLQPPTRPVERSNSCELVLRSLCSILSNLDEVGQOVERLDIPLPVIALVVFAYISCAAAILPFWETELGFEDAFYF;FVTLTTIGFGDIVLVHPHFFLFFSIYIIVGMEILFI AFKLMQNRL

      *      160
Kcnk18_WT   : LH TYKTLMLFVCQREVSLPW
Kcnk18_C329F : LH TYKTLMLFVCQREVSLPW

```

### QC strategy employed at Harwell to check the edited allele:

Genomic DNA was extracted from ear clip biopsies and amplified in a PCR reaction using the following conditions/primer sequences:

Geno_ Kcnk18_F1 (5'-3')	GCTGCAATGTGGAGCTGTTT
Geno_ Kcnk18_R1 (5'-3')	CGGTAGCTTGGATGGCAGAT
Taq Polymerase used	Roche Expand Long Range DNTPack
Annealing Temperature (°C)	63
Elongation time (min)	1
WT product size (bp)	602
Mutant product size (bp)	602
Notes	Sequence with primers Geno_Kcnk18_F2 (ACAAGCTACAACCACCCACG) and Geno_Kcnk18_R2 (GTGGGGCTCACATCTGTAGG).

All amplicons were sent for Sanger sequencing to check for integration of the donor oligo sequence at the target site. F1 sequences should be heterozygous unless on Y chromosome.

Copy counting of the donor sequence was carried out by ddPCR at the F1 stage to confirm donor oligos were inserted once on target into the genome. The following Taqman assay was used to copy count the donor sequence compared against a VIC-labelled reference assay for Dot1l:

Assay name	Kcnk18-C329F-donor1MUT1
Forward Primer	GCTGCTATCCTCCCCTTCTG
Reverse Primer	GATGGTTGTCAGTGTCACAAAGA
Probe	CCGAGCTAGGCTTCGAGGATGCT
Label	FAM-BHQ1

The ddPCR assay is specific to the C329F mutation in the Kcnk18 gene. WT controls are expected to call at 0 copies and a single integration for correct mutants is expected to call at 1 copies for F1 (HET) animals.



Assay name	Kcnk18-C329F-don1-UNIV1
Forward Primer	GCTTCGAGGATGCTTTCTACTTC
Reverse Primer	TAGATGGAGAAGAAGAGGAAGAAATGAG
Probe	ACCATCGGGTTTGGGGACATCGT
Label	FAM-BHQ1

The ddPCR assay is universal to both Kcnk18 WT and C329F alleles with both alleles recognised by this assay. WT controls are expected to call at 2 copies and a single integration for a correct mutation is expected to call at 2 copies for F1 (HET) animals.